

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for receiving a first packet from a source network node
2 comprising the steps of:
generating a data rate control signal based on the signal quality of a
4 received signal transmitted by a source network node;
sending said data rate control signal to the source network node;
6 receiving a first signal having a data rate based on said data rate control
signal from the source network node;
8 measuring the signal quality of said first signal to form a first signal
quality metric; and
10 sending a first feedback signal based on said first signal quality metric.
2. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of receiving the first signal
further comprises decoding a preamble from the first signal indicating that the
first signal contains a packet of data addressed to the destination network node.
3. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of receiving the first signal
2 further comprises extracting the first signal from a first time slot of a
predetermined number of time slots, wherein the predetermined number of
4 time slots is based the data rate.
4. The method of claim 3 wherein said step of receiving the first signal
2 further comprises determining the predetermined number of time slots based
on previous data rate control signals transmitted.
5. The method of claim 1 wherein the first signal is received within a first
time slot having a predetermined slot duration, the method further comprising
the step of accumulating said first signal into a first set of accumulated packet
4 samples associated with the packet.
6. The method of claim 5 wherein said step of measuring the signal quality
2 of said first signal further comprises attempting to decode the packet from said
first set of accumulated packet samples, and wherein said first signal quality
4 metric is based on the results of said step of attempting to decode.
7. The method of claim 6 wherein said first signal quality metric indicates
2 that the packet was successfully decoded in said step of attempting to decode,
and wherein said first feedback signal is a Stop-Repeat signal.

9. The method of claim 5 wherein the first signal is received within a first
2 time slot having a predetermined slot duration, the method further comprising
the steps of:

6 receiving a second signal within a second time slot having said
predetermined slot duration;

10 measuring the signal quality of said first signal and said second signal to
form a second signal quality metric; and

10. The method of claim 9 wherein the elapsed time between the end of said first time slot and the beginning of said second time slot has a predetermined duration equal to a multiple of said predetermined slot duration.

11. The method of claim 10 wherein the multiple is two.

12. The method of claim 10 wherein the multiple is three.

13. The method of claim 10 wherein the multiple is four.

15. The method of claim 14 wherein said data rate control signal specifies one requested data rate of a predetermined set of data rates, and wherein said data rate is equal to said one requested data rate.

2 one requested data rate of a predetermined set of data rates, and wherein said data rate is equal to said one requested data rate.

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16. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of measuring the signal quality of said first signal comprises attempting to decode the packet from said first set of accumulated samples.

17. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of measuring the signal quality of said first signal comprises measuring the carrier-to-interference ratio of one or more received pilot burst signals.

18. The method of claim 1 wherein said feedback signal is a Stop-Repeat signal, the method further comprising the step of decoding the packet from said first set of accumulated packet samples.

19. The method of claim 1 wherein said feedback signal is a Continue-Repeat signal, the method further comprising the steps of:

accumulating a second signal into said first set of accumulated packet samples associated with the packet;

measuring the signal quality of said second signal to generate a second signal quality metric;

generating a decoding prediction metric based on said first signal quality metric and said second signal quality metric;

comparing said decoding prediction metric with a decoder prediction threshold; and

sending a feedback signal based on said step of comparing.

20. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of sending a feedback signal further comprises the sub-steps of:

covering the symbols of a Stop-Repeat signal with a first Walsh code to generate a Walsh-covered Stop-Repeat signal; and

transmitting said Walsh-covered Stop-Repeat signal concurrently with one or more additional signals covered with a second Walsh code, wherein said second Walsh code is orthogonal to said first Walsh code.

21. The method of claim 1 wherein said step of sending a feedback signal further comprises the sub-steps of:

covering the symbols of a Continue-Repeat signal with a first Walsh code to generate a Walsh-covered Stop-Repeat signal; and

transmitting said Walsh-covered Stop-Repeat signal concurrently with
6 one or more additional signals covered with a second Walsh code, wherein said
second Walsh code is orthogonal to said first Walsh code.

22. A method for sending a first data packet from a source network node to
2 a destination network node, the method comprising the steps of:
receiving a data rate control signal from the destination network node;
4 determining a number of copies of the first data packet to send to the
destination network node based on said data rate control signal;
6 encoding a first copy of the first data packet into a first signal;
sending said first signal to the destination network node;
8 receiving a Stop-Repeat signal from the destination network node; and
sending fewer than said number of copies to the destination network
10 node based on said Stop-Repeat signal.

23. The method of claim 22 wherein said step of sending the first signal
2 further comprises encoding a preamble into the first signal indicating that the
first signal contains a packet of data addressed to the destination network node.

24. The method of claim 22 further comprising the steps of:
2 encoding a second copy of the first data packet into a second signal; and
sending said second signal to the destination network node before said
4 step of receiving a Stop-Repeat signal.

25. The method of claim 24 wherein the first signal is transmitted within a
2 first time slot having a predetermined slot duration, and wherein the second
signal is transmitted within a second time slot having said predetermined slot
4 duration, and wherein the elapsed time between the end of said first time slot
and the beginning of said second time slot has a predetermined duration equal
6 to a multiple of said predetermined slot duration.

26. The method of claim 25 wherein the multiple is two.

27. The method of claim 25 wherein the multiple is three.

28. The method of claim 25 wherein the multiple is four.

29. The method of claim 24 further comprising the steps of:
2 encoding a first copy of a second data packet into a third signal; and

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35. The method of claim 34 wherein said step of sending the first signal
2 further comprises encoding a preamble into the first signal indicating that the
first signal contains a packet of data addressed to the destination network node.

36. The method of claim 34 further comprising the steps of:
2 encoding a second copy of the first data packet into a second signal; and
sending said second signal to the destination network node before said
4 step of receiving a Continue-Repeat signal.

37. The method of claim 36 wherein the first signal is transmitted within a
2 first time slot having a predetermined slot duration, and wherein the second
signal is transmitted within a second time slot having said predetermined slot
4 duration, and wherein the elapsed time between the end of said first time slot
and the beginning of said second time slot has a predetermined duration equal
6 to a multiple of said predetermined slot duration.

38. The method of claim 37 wherein the multiple is two.

39. The method of claim 37 wherein the multiple is three.

40. The method of claim 37 wherein the multiple is four.

41. The method of claim 36 further comprising the steps of:
2 encoding a first copy of a second data packet into a third signal; and
sending said third signal to the destination network node, wherein the
4 third signal is transmitted within a third time slot having said predetermined
slot duration, and wherein said third time slot is disposed between said first
6 time slot and said second time slot.

42. The method of claim 41 wherein the third time slot begins immediately
2 after the first time slot ends, and wherein the second time slot begins
immediately after the third time slot ends.

43. The method of claim 34 wherein said data rate control signal specifies
2 one requested data rate of a predetermined set of data rates, wherein each data
rate within said predetermined set of data rates is associated with a
4 predetermined number of time slots, and wherein said number of copies is
equal to the predetermined number of time slots associated with the requested
6 data rate.

44. The method of claim 34 wherein said step of receiving a Continue-Repeat
2 signal further comprises the sub-steps of:

4 discovering the symbols of the Continue-Repeat signal with a first Walsh
code; and

6 discovering the symbols of a data signal with a second Walsh code,
wherein said second Walsh code is orthogonal to said first Walsh code, and
wherein said data signal is received from the destination network node.

45. The method of claim 34 wherein said step of sending said first signal
2 further comprises sending one or more pilot burst signals.

46. A network node apparatus for receiving a first packet from a source
2 network node comprising:

4 a demodulator for demodulating a downconverted sampled signal to
produce a stream of demodulated samples;

6 a first accumulation buffer for accumulating a first subset of said
demodulated samples associated with the first packet;

8 a decoder for decoding the contents of said first accumulation buffer to
decode the data of the first packet;

10 a feedback signal generator for generating a feedback signal sent to the
source network node based on a feedback control signal;

12 a control processor for controlling the subset of the stream of
demodulated samples accumulated in said first accumulation buffer and for
generating the feedback control signal based on the signal quality of the
14 downconverted sampled signal; and

16 a transmitter for transmitting the feedback signal to the source network
node.

47. The apparatus of claim 46 further comprising a preamble detector for
2 detecting and decoding a preamble received within the stream of demodulated
samples.

48. The apparatus of claim 46 further comprising a signal quality processor
2 for generating a received signal quality signal based on the received signal
quality of the downconverted sampled signal and providing the received signal
4 quality signal to said control processor.

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10 a control processor for selecting the data rate based on the data rate
control signals and for changing the number of time slots based on the feedback
12 signals.

59. The apparatus of claim 57 wherein said control processor is configured
2 to decrease the number of time slots used to transmit the first packet based on
the decoding of a Stop-Repeat signal in said demodulator.

61. The apparatus of claim 57 wherein said demodulator further comprises a
2 first Walsh despreader for discovering the data rate control signals using a first
Walsh code.

62. The apparatus of claim 58 wherein said demodulator further comprises a
2 second Walsh despreader for discovering the feedback signals using a second
Walsh code, wherein said first Walsh code is orthogonal to said second Walsh
4 code.

63. A network node apparatus for receiving a first packet from a source
2 network node comprising:

means for generating a data rate control signal based on the signal
4 quality of a received signal transmitted by a source network node;

means for sending the data rate control signal to the source network
6 node;

means for receiving a first signal having a data rate based on said data
8 rate control signal from the source network node;

means for measuring the signal quality of said first signal to form a first
10 signal quality metric; and

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